

acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Product category/ies ULVOC SOLVENT CEMENT FOR PVC PLASTIC PIPE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses PVC solvent cement

adhesive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Weld-On 17109 S. Main Gardena CA 90248-3127 United States

Telephone: 1-310-898-3300 e-mail: EHSInfo@ipscorp.com Website: www.weldon.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service 24 Hours - CHEMTEL: (800) 255-3924; International

(813) 248-0585

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Hazard class	Category
flammable liquid	2
acute toxicity (oral)	4
acute toxicity (dermal)	5
acute toxicity (inhal.)	5
skin corrosion/irritation	2
serious eye damage/eye irritation	2
carcinogenicity	2
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Mexico: en Page: 1 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Labelling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







- Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. H313+H333

Causes skin irritation. H315 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. H351

- Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish. P370+P378

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P233

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant. P501

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

tetrahydrofuran, acetone, cyclohexanone, Fumed Silica

2.3 Other hazards

of no significance

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 **Mixtures**

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
tetrahydrofuran	CAS No 109-99-9	25 - < 50	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Carc. 2 / H351 STOT SE 3 / H335
acetone	CAS No 67-64-1	10 - < 25	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336

Mexico: en Page: 2 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
cyclohexanone	CAS No 108-94-1	10 - < 25	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335
Fumed Silica	CAS No 112945-52-5	1-<5	Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 5 / H333
Precipitated Silica	CAS No 112926-00-8	1-<5	Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 5 / H333

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

Mexico: en Page: 3 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Flash point

-6.16 °F at 101.3 kPa

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Mexico: en Page: 4 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

This information is not available.

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	72.4 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	96 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	150 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	300 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	DNEL	12.6 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	1,210 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	2,420 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Mexico: en Page: 5 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	186 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	DNEL	10 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	DNEL	20 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	DNEL	10 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	DNEL	20 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	DNEL	4 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	DNEL	4 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	4.32 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	0.432 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	4.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	23.3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	2.33 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	PNEC	2.13 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	10.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	1.06 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	30.4 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	3.04 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	29.5 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

Mexico: en Page: 6 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PNEC	0.356 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PNEC	0.036 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PNEC	2.69 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PNEC	0.269 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PNEC	0.328 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Mexico: en Page: 7 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odour	characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	56.05 °C
Flash point	-21.2 °C at 101.3 kPa
Flash point	-6.16 °F at 101.3 kPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Vapour pressure	240 hPa at 20 °C
Density	0.9468 ^g / _{cm³} at 73 °F
Vapour density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	215 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))

Viscosity

- Dynamic viscosity	700 – 1,100 cP at 73 °F

Mexico: en Page: 8 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Explosive properties	none
Oxidising properties	none

9.2 Other information

VOC content	When applied as directed, per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A, VOC content is: <= 425 g/L.
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T3 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled.

Mexico: en Page: 9 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral 910.1 ^{mg}/_{kg}
Dermal 2,868 ^{mg}/_{kg}
Inhalation: vapour 40.74 ^{mg}/_l/4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	dermal	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	dermal	1,100 ^{mg} / _{kg}
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	inhalation: vapour	>6.2 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	dermal	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	inhalation: dust/mist	>5.01 ^{mg} / _I /4h
Precipitated Silica	112926-00-8	dermal	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Precipitated Silica	112926-00-8	inhalation: dust/mist	>5.01 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Mexico: en Page: 10 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 1133
IMDG-Code	UN 1133
ICAO-TI	UN 1133

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	ADHESIVES
IMDG-Code	ADHESIVES

Mexico: en Page: 11 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

	ICAO-TI	Adhesives
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	3
	IMDG-Code	3
	ICAO-TI	3
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport information - National regulations - Additional information (UN RTDG)

UN number	1133
Class	3
Packing group	II
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP) - (UN RTDG)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2 (UN RTDG)

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L (UN RTDG)

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Mexico: en Page: 12 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Stowage category

В

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

all ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9		4	1000 (454)
cyclohexanone	108-94-1		4	5000 (2270)
acetone	67-64-1		4	5000 (2270)

Legend

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9		CDC 4th National Exposure Report CWA 303(d) IARC Carcinogens - 2B IRIS Neurotoxicants
acetone	67-64-1		ATSDR Neurotoxicants

Mexico: en Page: 13 / 18

^{4&}quot; "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Threshold	De Minimis Concen- tration Threshold
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9				1.0 %
cyclohexanone	108-94-1				1.0 %
acetone	67-64-1				1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	A, O	
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	A, N, O	skin
acetone	67-64-1	A, N, O	
Precipitated Silica	7631-86-9	A, N, O, R, *	
Fumed Silica	7631-86-9	A, N, O, R, *	

Legend

- Substances which are regulated by OSHA as carcinogens; have been categorized by the ACGIH as either "human carcinogens" or "suspect of carcinogenic potential for man"; have been evaluated by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and found to be carcinogens or potential carcinogens; or have been listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen in the Annual Report on Carcinogens published by the National Toxicology Program (NTP)
- port on Carcinogens of potential calcinogens, of have been listed as a calcinogen of potential calcinogen in the African Report on Carcinogens published by the National Toxicology Program (NTP).

 A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
- N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer
- O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division
- R International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; Overall Evaluations of Carcinogenicity: An Updating of IARC Monographs Volumes 1 to 42, Supplement 7 (1987). Available from: WHO Publications Centre USA
- skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9		F3 R1
cyclohexanone	108-94-1		F2
acetone	67-64-1		F3
Precipitated Silica	112926-00-8		

Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree F3 Flammable - Third Degree R1 Reactive - First Degree

Mexico: en Page: 14 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
FURAN, TETRAHYDRO-	109-99-9	E
CYCLOHEXANONE	108-94-1	E
2-PROPANONE	67-64-1	E
SILICA	7631-86-9	
SILICA	7631-86-9	

Legend

E Environmental hazard

- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Т, F
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	T, F
acetone	67-64-1	T, F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)
T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No Remarks	Type of the toxicity	
tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9		cancer

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	3	material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

Mexico: en Page: 15 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	3	material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or resid- ual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

ECSI

IECSC INSQ

List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

Domestic Substances List (DSL)

EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)

Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

National Inventory of Chemical Substances

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) KECI NZIoC

PICCS

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

Mexico: en Page: 16 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LHS	Lower hazard substance
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NOM-018-STPS- 2015 and NMX-R- 019-SCFI-2011	Mexican Official Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015, harmonized system on the identification of chemical hazards and its related hazard communication at the workplace and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011 harmonized system of classification and hazard communication of chemicals
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration

Mexico: en Page: 17 / 18



acc. to NOM-018-STPS-2015 and NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011

WELD-ON 795 ULVOC CLEAR

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-10-06

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Mexican Official Standard NOM-018-STPS, harmonized system on the identification of chemical hazards and its related hazard communication at the workplace.

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H333	May be harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Mexico: en Page: 18 / 18